



LHC

REFERENCE

LHC-MPP-HCP-0006

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MP3 Procedure

Test Procedure and Acceptance Criteria for the 60 A Circuits

ABSTRACT:

This document describes the test procedure and the acceptance parameter specification for the 60 A circuits. A list of the parameters to acquire during the tests is given.

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HISTORY OF CHANGES

REV. NO.	DATE	PAGES	DESCRIPTIONS OF THE CHANGES
0.1	2007-03-22	9	First draft
	2007-04-03	9	First released document
	2007-09-03	14	Test procedure includes PCC and PNO3 tests
	2007-09-10	14	Analysis source added to Appendix3. Calculation of R_Lead clarified during PCC. Analysis of crowbar during PCC added.
	2007-09-12	14	Alignment of variable names
	2007-09-13	15	Addition of description column to table in Appendix3 (Variables to be stored)
	2007-09-13	17	Update to Main Cycle Test description.
	2007-09-14	17	Units in Appendix 3 table updated.
	2007-09-14	17	Title, abstract, failure investigation and names in Appendix 1
	2007-09-20	17	MTF profile included. Parameter added to first ramp in PCC. New variable to be stored (I_ERR_PCC_RAMP).
	2007-09-20	17	Update of the description in case of test failure and corrected sign into PNO Offline analysis.
	2007-09-26	17	New point with the structure of the document. Addition of description column to table in Appendix1 (Test Parameters). Coherence between test names, LHC-MPP-HCP-0001 and LHC-D-HCP-0003 document and MTF steps. Minor changes in actions and parameters names.
	2007-10-04	17	3. Test Cycle: updated for I_PCC_MID and naming convention Appendix 1: value for I_MID_PCC corrected Appendix 2 : clarification that circuits are examples P7 and Appendix 3 : I_EARTH_PNO_POS and I_EARTH_PNO_NEG replace I_EARTH_PNO
	2007-10-09	17	Appendix 3: New column with the associated test of each variable.
	2007-10-15	All	Submission for engineering check
	2008-01-11	All	Replace Waiting time of 3 L/(R + R crowbar) by new parameter TIME_ACTIVATION from LSA DB (page 9 step 3, page 10 step 7 and in Appendix 1) Replace step PNO.g (Current Lead performance) with PCL TIME_PCC added to step 8 of PCC.1. Failure investigation text modified.
	2008-03-11	11-12-13	Based on the experience of sector 4-5, change the criteria for U_LEAD_OFS from 2e-3 to 3.5e-3 V and R_MAGNET_PNO from 3e-3 to 3.5e-3 Ohm.



	2008-03-11	17	Adding a text file containing the PNO.A1 criteria at the moment of the test, to the MTF results.
0.11	2008-03-11	7, 8, 9 12 - 15	Update of criteria for I_ERR
0.12	2008-03-12	14 7 5	Added team responsibilities to the offline analysis section Updated offline crowbar analysis criteria Update of criteria for U_Lead_Offset criteria and I_PCC_MID Addition of restrictions for parallel testing during PCC
0.2	2008-04-17		Submission for approval
0.21	2008-05-06	7 17	Changed the title from "The test cycle" to "The test sequence" Changed what to do in case of failure from "If the failure is significant, the EIC should open an NC (non conformity), or ensure the specialist concerned opens an NC." to "If the failure is significant, the MP3 or TE-EPC expert should open an NC (non conformity)."
1.0	2008-05-14	All	Released
1.1	2009-04-30	All	Change on the acceleration of the PCC test from 0.5 A/s to 1 A/s to comply with the ECR LHC-MPP-EC-0001.
1.2	2009-05-18	All	Submission for approbation
2.0	2009-06-16	All	Released
2.1	2010-11-24	24	Add "Appendix 4" describing foreseen cases when the procedure or part of procedure must be applied
2.2	2011-04-12	All 14	Updates according to circulation and feedback given from checkers Following MP3 wrap-up session, update criteria on final R_MAG
3.0	2012-02-06	-	Release for 2012 version. No changes
3.1	2014-04-14	All	General review of the document. Changes in the structure and the re-commissioning scenarios. Submitted for Approval
4.0	2014-08-04	All	Released
4.1	2016-01-08	6-10	Update of the document for HWC during YETS 2015. Minor formatting modifications.



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1. INTRODUCTION

This Hardware Commissioning (HWC) procedure describes the test sequence, test parameters, analysis, and validation criteria for the powering tests of the 60A circuits of the LHC. A brief description of the circuit and the signals is given in section 2. An overview of the tests is given in section 3. The sequence of tests to be performed is described in section 4.

Each individual test, along with the required analysis and signatures, is described in section 5. The sequencer steps for each test are detailed in Appendix 2. Online analysis is performed by the sequencer based on criteria defined by the experts, see also Appendix 2. A detailed description of the offline analysis is documented on the MP3 website (cern.ch/MP3). Offline analysis and test validation is performed by experts from various teams.

Throughout all the tests, the basic cryogenic conditions for operation must be assured through the 60 A software Power Permit system. The conditions that are used to interlock the Power_Permit signal are defined as:

- main magnet temperature in the whole arc <4 K,
- beam screen temperature along whole arc <30 K.

However it is noted that the magnets should be tested as close to nominal conditions as possible (thus 1.9 K).

Throughout this procedure the following abbreviations are used:

- CL:** Current Leads (Responsible)
- PIC:** PIC (Team)
- CRYO:** Cryogenics (Team)
- NC:** Non-conformity
- PC:** Power Converter (Team)
- PM:** Post Mortem
- MP3:** Magnet circuits, powering and performance panel

2. CIRCUIT AND SIGNAL DESCRIPTION

The LHC comprises a total of 376 pairs of horizontal and vertical orbit correctors which are installed at each focusing and defocusing main quadrupole magnet in the arcs. Quenches on 60 A magnets are detected by the power converter through magnet impedance growing. In addition, the power converter also provides current lead protection. Figure 1 shows the circuit diagram of the 60 A arc orbit correctors.

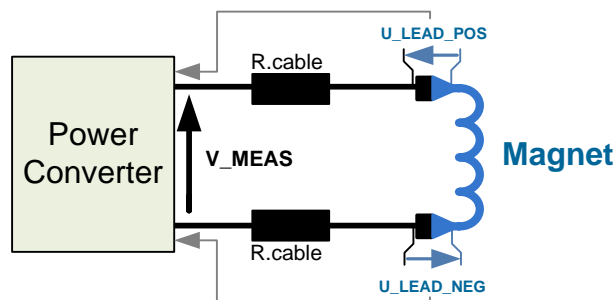


Figure 1 – Simplified circuit schematic

In order to power the 60 A orbit correctors a global permit signal is transmitted via the controls and the timing system to all converters in each of the eight LHC sectors when all conditions for powering in the long arc cryostat are met. Figure 2 shows the interlock transmission logic (see [EDMS 944765](#)).

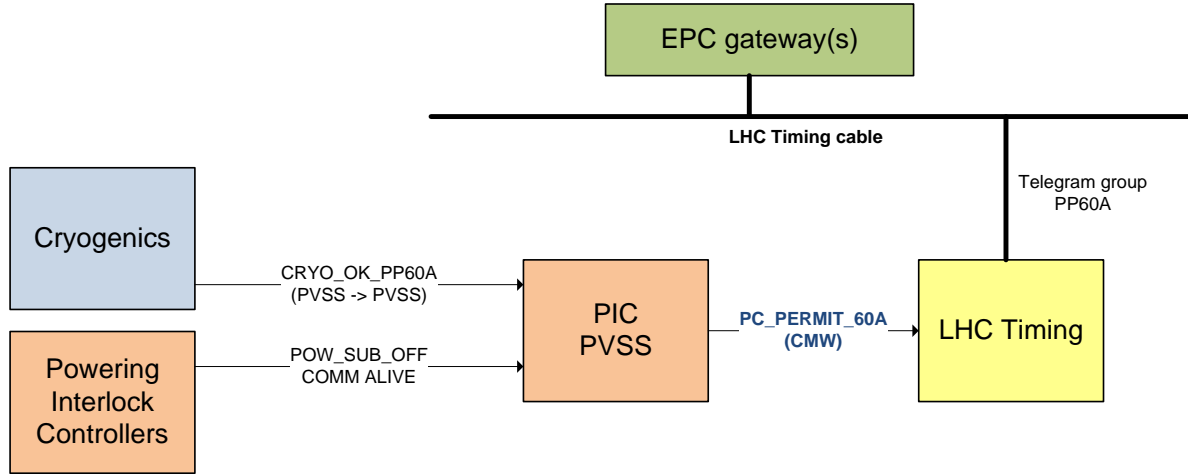


Figure 2 – 60 A Powering Permit transmission

3. SUMMARY OF THE TESTS

The entire test is made of the following steps, sorted by current level:

- PCC.1** Converter Configuration 4Q
- PNO.d1** Bipolar Powering Failure at $\pm(I_PNO+I_DELTA)$
- PNO.a1** Bipolar Cycle to $\pm I_PNO$

The test should start with the execution of the **PCC.1** test and the test must be passed, including the offline analysis by a TE-EPC expert. When testing multiple systems in parallel, PCC should be separately made on the H and V systems.

Following this approval the **PNO.d1** tests can be performed, followed by an offline analysis. Upon approval of the **PNO.d1** test one can proceed with the **PNO.a1** test. At the end, in order to validate the circuit, the three steps **PCC.1**, **PNO.a1** and **PNO.d1** must have been completed successfully. A list of variables will then be stored in MTF to characterise the circuit.

The following table summarizes the tests to be carried out for each circuit, as well as the teams that have to perform the analysis. More information on each type of analysis can be found in section 5.

Test name	MP3	PC
PCC.1		
PNO.d1		
PNO.a1		

If a test fails, the failure should be reported to the EIC, who will consult the PC and/or MP3 specialists to decide on the best action. It may be necessary to proceed with further investigations to find the source of the failure. If the failure is significant, the MP3 or PC expert should open a NC (non-conformity).

4. TEST SEQUENCE MATRIX

Table 1 shows the tests that have been performed for previous HWC campaigns and that will be performed for the upcoming campaign. Included is also a set of tests to be performed in case of warm-up of the sector.

Table 1 – Tests to be performed (indicated in blue) for different HWC campaigns or other situations.

	PCC.1	PNO.d1	PNO.a1
Warm up of the circuit above 90 K			
Technical stop > 3 weeks			
HWC 2008			
HWC 2014			

5. TEST DESCRIPTION

5.1 PCC.1: POWER CONVERTER CONFIGURATION 4Q

The aim of this test is to validate the configuration and the performance of the power converter. It also checks the crowbar activation at low current.

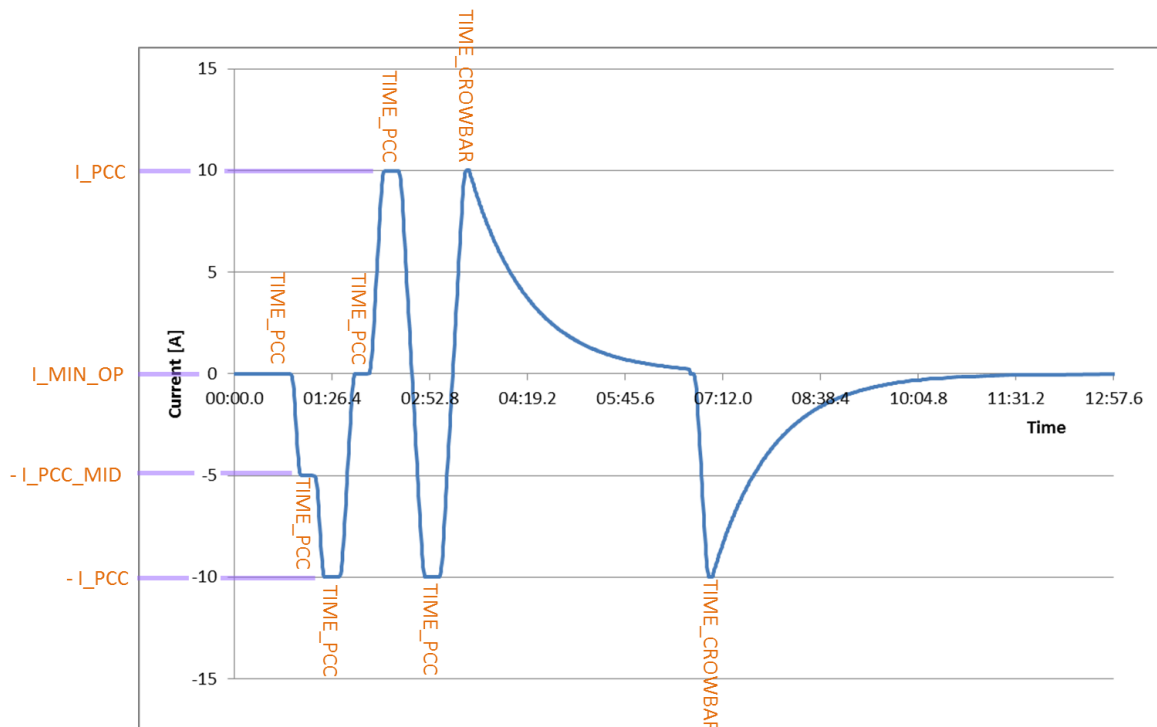


Figure 3 – Current cycle during PCC.1

The offline analysis is listed below:

Responsible	Type of analysis	Criteria
PC	Verify the converter current I_MEAS after the crowbar activation for both bipolar cycles	 I_MEAS @60s = +3.7A±0.6A
PC	Verify that the exponential decay of I_MEAS and V_MEAS is within tolerance for both bipolar cycles	 Tolerance(I_MEAS) <= 1A Tolerance(V_MEAS) <= 0.1V

5.2 PNO.D1: BIPOLAR POWERING FAILURE (I_PNO + I_DELTA)

This test verifies the correct behaviour of the crowbar at nominal current following a powering failure. This test will be done at I_PNO + I_DELTA to ensure that the magnets are trained to a margin above I_PNO and to avoid quenches at flattop.

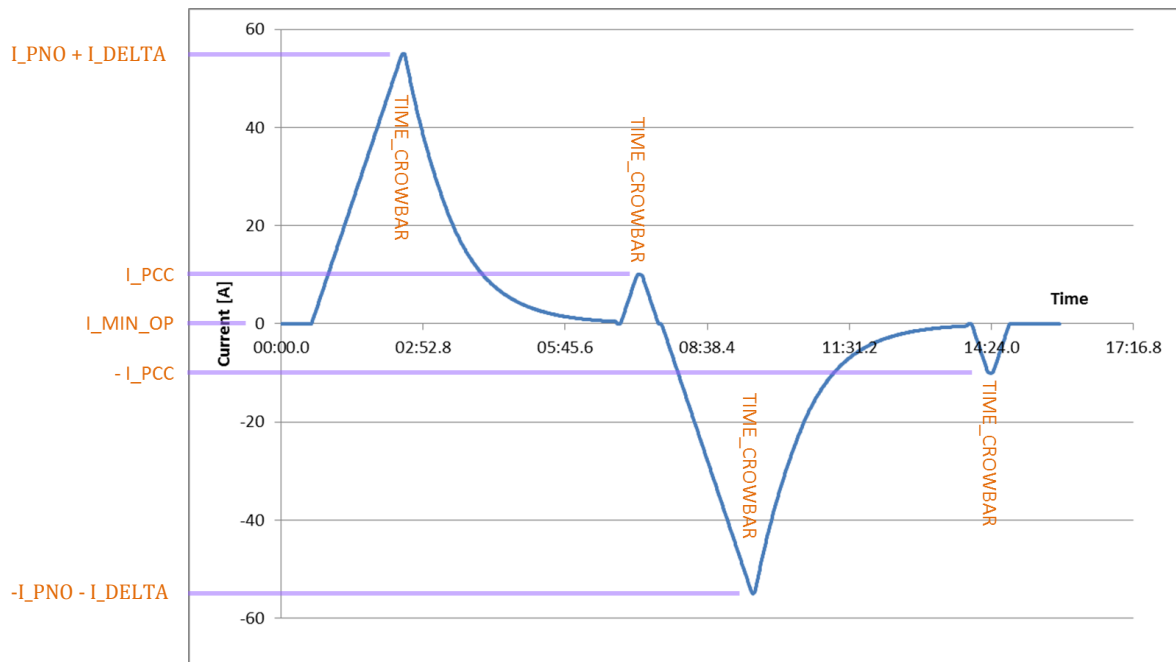


Figure 4 – Current cycle during PNO.d1

The offline analysis for the +I_PNO cycle is listed below:

Responsible	Type of analysis	Criteria
PC	Verify the time duration after the crowbar activation when V_MEAS is no longer -1.1V±0.1V	60s±10s
PC	Verify that converter current is within range when the converter voltage is no longer -1.1V±0.1V	I_MEAS = +23A±5A
PC	Verify the converter current 120s after the crowbar activation	I_MEAS@120s = +8A±2A
PC	Verify that the exponential decay of I_MEAS and V_MEAS is within tolerance	 Tolerance(I_MEAS) <= 2A Tolerance(V_MEAS) <= 0.15V

The offline analysis for the -I_PNO cycle is listed below:

Responsible	Type of analysis	Criteria
PC	Verify the time duration after the crowbar activation when V_MEAS is no longer +1.1V±0.1V	60s±10s
PC	Verify that converter current is within range when the converter voltage is no longer +1.1V±0.1V	I_MEAS = -25A±5A
PC	Verify the converter current 120s after the crowbar activation	I_MEAS@120s = -8A±2A
PC	Verify that the exponential decay of I_MEAS and V_MEAS is within tolerance	 Tolerance(I_MEAS) ≤ 2A Tolerance(V_MEAS) ≤ 0.15V

5.3 PNO.A1: BIPOLAR CYCLE (±I_PNO)

This test verifies the correct behaviour of the magnets and current leads at nominal current.

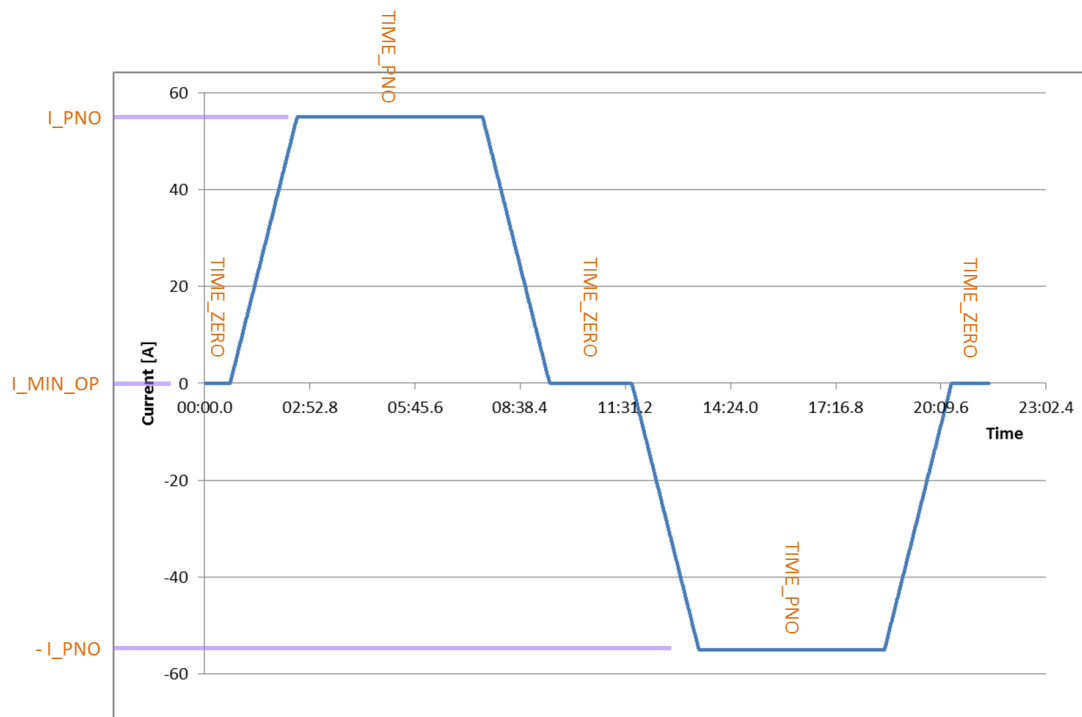


Figure 5 – Current cycle during PNO.a1

The offline analysis is listed below:

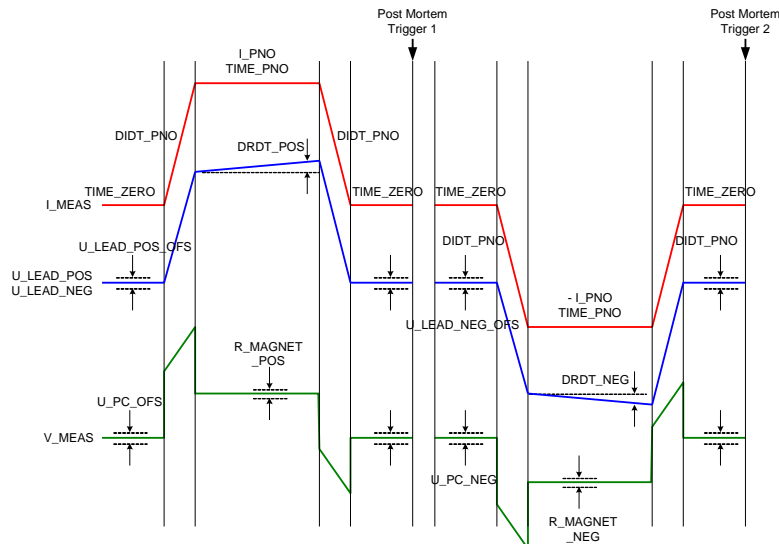
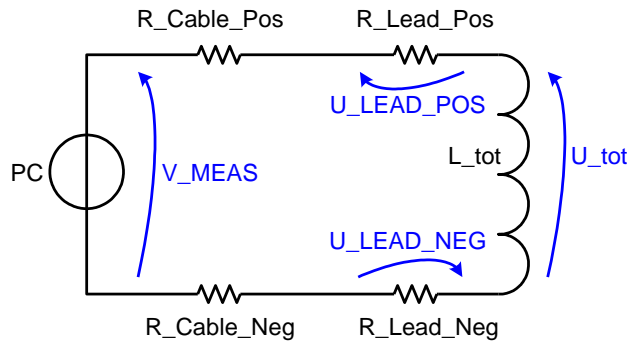
Responsible	Type of analysis	Criteria
MP3	Verify the offset voltage for both POS and NEG leads at I_MIN_OP	 U_LEAD_NEG <= 3.5mV U_LEAD_POS <= 3.5mV
MP3	Verify the maximum current lead voltage at both ± I_PNO	 U_LEAD_NEG = 50mV±25mV U_LEAD_POS = 50mV±25mV
MP3	Verify the current lead resistance during both positive and negative cycles	R_LEAD_POS = 0.4mOhm±50% R_LEAD_NEG = 0.4mOhm±50%
MP3	Verify the slope of the resistance change with time at I_PNO during both positive and negative cycles	DRDT_LEAD_POS <1.8uOhm/s DRDT_LEAD_NEG <1.8uOhm/s
MP3	Evaluate the circuit inductance during both positive and negative cycles	L_CIRCUIT = 2.8H±0.3H
MP3	Magnet resistance by subtracting the cable voltage (I_MEAS*V_MEAS) and the leads voltage from the converter voltage during both positive and negative cycles	R_MAGNET < 3mOhm
MP3	Evaluate the average offset between the reference and the measured voltage. Record the maximum offset during both positive and negative cycles	 U_PC_OFFSET <50mV
MP3	Average of magnet resistance during positive and negative cycle	(R_MAGNET_PNO_POS+ R_MAG_PNO_NEG)/2

6. APPENDICES

6.1 APPENDIX 1: TEST PARAMETERS

The following parameters are valid for all circuits unless otherwise noted in the list of exceptions (see LHC-MPP-HCP-0103 EDMS Number 1375861)

Parameter	Value	Unit	Description
I_PCC	10	A	Maximum current used in PCC
I_PCC_MID	5	A	Intermediate current used in PCC
I_PNO	55	A	Nominal current
I_DELTA	5	A	Current margin for training beyond I_PNO
I_MIN_OP	0	A	Minimum operational current
I_EARTH_PCC_MAX	0.005	A	Maximum earth leakage on PC during PCC
I_EARTH_PNO_MAX	0.005	A	Maximum earth leakage on PC during PNO
I_ERR_MAX	0.0042	A	Maximum error on current measurement
R_LEAD_MAX	0.00135	Ohm	Maximum acceptable resistance value for CL
R_LEAD_MIN	0.00045	Ohm	Minimum acceptable resistance value for CL
DIDT_PNO	0.5	A/s	Nominal current ramp rate
DIDT_PCC	1	A/s	Current ramp rate used in PCC
ACC_PNO	0.25	A/s ²	Nominal current acceleration
TIME_PNO	300	s	Time for the flat-tops at I_PNO
TIME_ZERO	30	s	Time for the flat-tops at I_MIN_OP
TIME_PCC	10	s	Time for the flat-tops in PCC
TIME_CROWBAR	2	s	Time interval used in the crowbar tests
TIME_ACTIVATION	LSA	s	Time since activation > 3 L/(R + Rcrowbar)
U_LEAD_MAX	0.0035	V	Maximum acceptable voltage on CL



6.2 APPENDIX 2: TEST SEQUENCES

6.2.1 APPENDIX 2.1: PCC.1 POWER CONVERTER CONFIGURATION 4Q

During this step, the configuration and the performance of the power converter are checked.

Step	Description	Criteria
1	Check the converter configuration. The converter or database configuration may be updated as part of this process.	EPC ensures that the converter is configured.
2	Start the power converter. Once in standby, initiate a converter fault to create a post-mortem event.	Check that the PM file PM_STARTUP_PCC exists
3	Start the converter and wait TIME_PCC at I_MIN_OP. Measure the current lead offset. Remove the offset from all subsequent measurements.	$ U_LEAD < U_LEAD_MAX$
4	Ramp the converter to -I_PCC_MID at DIDT_PCC and ACC_PNO.	
5	Wait TIME_PCC at -I_PCC_MID.	
6	Ramp the converter to -I_PCC at DIDT_PCC and ACC_PNO.	
7	Reset the U_LEAD buffers. Wait TIME_PCC at -I_PCC. Obtain the converter maximum lead voltage and maximum absolute current error.	For both POS and NEG: $R_LEAD_XXX_PCC = (U_LEAD_XXX_PCC_NEG - U_LEAD_XXX_OFS_PCC_POS) / I_PCC = 0.9m\Omega \pm 50\%$ $I_ERR < I_ERR_MAX$
8	Ramp the converter to I_MIN_OP at DIDT_PCC and ACC_PNO. Wait TIME_PCC at I_MIN_OP.	
9	Ramp the converter to I_PCC at DIDT_PCC and ACC_PNO.	
10	Reset the U_lead buffers. Wait TIME_PCC at I_PCC. Obtain the converter maximum lead voltage.	For both POS and NEG: $R_LEAD_XXX_PCC_POS = (U_LEAD_XXX_PCC_POS - U_LEAD_XXX_OFS_PCC_POS) / I_PCC = 0.9m\Omega \pm 50\%$
11	Ramp the converter to -I_PCC at DIDT_PCC and ACC_PNO.	
12	Wait TIME_PCC at -I_PCC.	
13	Ramp the converter to I_PCC at DIDT_PCC and ACC_PNO. At the end of the ramp obtain the converter maximum earth current, and maximum absolute current error.	$I_EARTH < I_EARTH_PCC_MAX$ $I_ERR < I_ERR_MAX$
14	Wait TIME_CROWBAR at I_PCC.	
15	Activate the crowbar by setting a converter power failure (FGC_STATE fault). Record the name of the post-mortem file that is created.	Check that the PM file PM_CROWBAR_POS exists
16	Wait until all the following conditions are true: 1. PC is FAULT_OFF or OFF 2. Wait TIME_ACTIVATION 3. I_MEAS < 1A 4. PM has finished sending data	Check that only FGC_STATE fault is present
17	Start the converter and ramp to -I_PCC at DIDT_PCC and ACC_PNO. Wait TIME_CROWBAR at -I_PCC. Then, acquire the PC faults.	
18	Activate the crowbar by setting a converter power failure (FGC_STATE fault). Record the name of the post-mortem file that is created.	Check that the PM file PM_CROWBAR_NEG exists



19	Wait until all the following conditions are true: 1. PC is FAULT_OFF or OFF 2. Wait TIME_ACTIVATION 3. I_MEAS < 1A 4. PM has finished sending data	Check that only FGC_STATE fault is present
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6.2.2 APPENDIX 2.2: PNO.D1 BIPOLAR POWERING FAILURE

Step	Description	Criteria
1	Turn the PC to standby	
2	Ramp to I_PNO+I_DELTA at DIDT_PNO and ACC_PNO. Wait TIME_CROWBAR, then initiate a converter fault (FGC_STATE fault) to trigger the post-mortem acquisition.	Check that the PM file PM_CROWBAR_PNO_POS exists
3	Wait until all the following conditions are true: 1. PC is FAULT_OFF or OFF 2. Wait TIME_ACTIVATION 3. I_MEAS < 1A 4. PM has finished sending data Then, acquire the PC faults.	Check that only FGC_STATE fault is present
4	Turn on the converter and ramp the current to +I_PCC at DIDT_PNO and ACC_PNO, wait TIME_CROWBAR, ramp to I_MIN_OP at DIDT_PNO and ACC_PNO	Ramp successful (no PC fault)
5	Ramp to -I_PNO-I_DELTA at DIDT_PNO and ACC_PNO. Wait TIME_CROWBAR, then initiate a converter fault (FGC_STATE fault) to trigger the post-mortem acquisition.	Check that the PM file PM_CROWBAR_PNO_NEG exists
6	Wait until all the following conditions are true: 1. PC is FAULT_OFF or OFF 2. Wait TIME_ACTIVATION 3. I_MEAS < 1A 4. PM has finished sending data Then, acquire the PC faults.	Check that only FGC_STATE fault is present
7	Turn on the converter and ramp the current to -I_PCC at DIDT_PNO and ACC_PNO, wait TIME_CROWBAR, ramp to I_MIN_OP at DIDT_PNO and ACC_PNO	Ramp successful (no PC fault)

6.2.3 APPENDIX 2.3: PNO.A1 BIPOLAR CYCLE

Step	Description	Criteria
1	Turn on the converter and wait at least TIME_ZERO at I_MIN_OP.	
2	Ramp the current to I_PNO at DIDT_PNO and ACC_PNO.	
3	Reset the converter maximum I_earth buffer. Wait at least TIME_PNO at I_PNO. Acquire I_EARTH.	I_EARTH<I_EARTH_PNO_MAX
4	Ramp the current to I_MIN_OP at DIDT_PNO and ACC_PNO.	
5	Wait at least TIME_ZERO at I_MIN_OP. After waiting acquire converter maximum absolute current error.	I_ERR<I_ERR_MAX
6	Initiate a converter fault (FGC_STATE fault) to trigger the post mortem acquisition.	Check if PM file PM_CYCLE_PNO_POS exists
7	Turn on the converter and wait at least TIME_ZERO at -I_MIN_OP.	

8	Ramp the current to -I_PNO at DIDT_PNO and ACC_PNO.	
9	Reset the converter maximum I_earth buffers. Wait at least TIME_PNO at -I_PNO. Acquire I_EARTH.	I_EARTH<I_EARTH_PNO_MAX
10	Ramp the current to I_MIN_OP at DIDT_PNO and ACC_PNO.	
11	Wait at least TIME_ZERO at I_MIN_OP. After waiting acquire converter maximum absolute current error.	I_ERR<I_ERR_MAX
12	Initiate a converter fault (FGC_STATE fault) to trigger the post mortem acquisition.	Check if PM file PM_CYCLE_PNO_NEG exists

6.3 APPENDIX 3: MTF PROFILE

This is the MTF profile for the 60 A circuits:
 095-HCA PCC.1 Converter Configuration 4Q
 701-HCA PNO.a1 Bipolar Cycle I_PNO
 731-HCA PNO.d1 Bipolar Powering Failure

6.4 APPENDIX 4: VARIABLES USED FOR ANALYSIS

The parameters below are given for an example circuit, RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1. The same parameters can be found for other circuits by changing the circuit name.

Description	Parameter name	Source
Current measurement of RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1	RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1: I_MEAS	PM
Voltage measurement of RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1	RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1: V_MEAS	PM
Voltage across current lead at low polarity voltage tap of RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1	RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1: U_LEAD_NEG	PM
Voltage across current lead at high polarity voltage tap of RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1	RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1: U_LEAD_POS	PM
Calculated ratio U_LEAD_NEG/I_MEAS of RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1	RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1: R_LEAD_NEG	PM
Calculated ratio U_LEAD_POS/I_MEAS of RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1	RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1: R_LEAD_POS	PM
Inductance of the circuit RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1	RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1: L_TOT	LHC Functional Layout Database
Warm cable resistance of RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1	RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1: R_TOT	LHC Functional Layout Database
Measured warm cable resistance of RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1	RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1: R_TOT_MEAS URED	LHC Functional Layout Database
Maximum ground current on load side measured by the converter of RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1	RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1: MEAS.MAX_I_EARTH	FGC
Maximum lead voltage measured by the converter of RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1	RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1: MEAS.MAX_U_LEADS [0] RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1: MEAS.MAX_U_LEADS [1]	FGC



Maximum error between reference and measured value at loop sampling speed

RPLA.12L8.RCBH11.L8B1:
ILOOP.MAX_ABS_ERR

FGC

6.5 APPENDIX 5: VARIABLES TO BE STORED

Parameter	Unit	Analysis Source	Description	Test	To be filled by
TEST_PROCEDURE_VERSION	Text / hyperlink	Offline	EDMS version number of the test procedure applied.	None	MP3
TEST_CRITERIA_PNO_A1	Text file	Offline	Text file containing the criteria applied at the moment of PNO.A1 validation	PNO.A1	MP3
PM_STARTUP_PCC	Text / hyperlink	Online	Postmortem filename of PC startup sequence	PCC.1	PMA
U_LEAD_POS_OFS_PCC_POS	V	Online	Voltage offset of POS current lead measured during PCC	PCC.1	Sequencer
U_LEAD_NEG_OFS_PCC_POS	V	Online	Voltage offset of NEG current lead measured during PCC	PCC.1	Sequencer
U_LEAD_POS_PCC_NEG	V	Online	Max voltage of POS current lead measured continuously at 50Hz during PCC POS flat-top	PCC.1	Sequencer
U_LEAD_NEG_PCC_NEG	V	Online	Max voltage of NEG current lead measured continuously at 50Hz during PCC POS flat-top	PCC.1	Sequencer
U_LEAD_POS_PCC_POS	V	Online	Max voltage of POS current lead measured continuously at 50Hz during PCC NEG flat-top	PCC.1	Sequencer
U_LEAD_NEG_PCC_POS	V	Online	Max voltage of NEG current lead measured continuously at 50Hz during PCC NEG flat-top	PCC.1	Sequencer
R_LEAD_POS_PCC	Ohm	Online	Max POS lead resistance calculated during PCC flat-top	PCC.1	Sequencer
R_LEAD_NEG_PCC	Ohm	Online	Max NEG lead resistance calculated during PCC flat-top	PCC.1	Sequencer
I_EARTH_PCC	A	Online	Max earth current measured during PCC	PCC.1	Sequencer
I_ERR_PCC	A	Online	Max error between current reference and measured current during PCC, acquired continuously by the PC at the speed of the current loop	PCC.1	Sequencer
I_ERR_PCC_RAMP	A	Online	Max error between current reference and measured current during	PCC.1	Sequencer



			the first negative ramp in PCC without crossing 0A. Acquired continuously by the PC at the speed of the current loop		
PM_CROWBAR_PCC_POS	Text / hyperlink	Online	Postmortem filename of POS current PCC crowbar activation	PCC.1	PMA
PCFLT_PWR_FAIL_PCC_POS	Text	Online	Converter faults after POS current PCC crowbar activation.	PCC.1	Sequencer
PM_CROWBAR_PCC_NEG	Text / hyperlink	Online	Postmortem filename of NEG current PCC crowbar activation	PCC.1	PMA
PCFLT_PWR_FAIL_PCC_NEG	Text	Online	Converter faults after NEG current PCC crowbar activation.	PCC.1	Sequencer
I_EARTH_PNO_POS	A	Online	Max earth current measured during POS PNO flat-top.	PNO.A1	Sequencer
I_EARTH_PNO_NEG	A	Online	Max earth current measured during NEG PNO flat-top.	PNO.A1	Sequencer
I_ERR_PNO_POS	A	Online	Max error between current reference and measured current during POS PNO cycle, acquired continuously by the PC at the speed of the current loop	PNO.A1	Sequencer
I_ERR_PNO_NEG	A	Online	Max error between current reference and measured current during NEG PNO cycle, acquired continuously by the PC at the speed of the current loop	PNO.A1	Sequencer
PM_CYCLE_PNO_POS	Text / hyperlink	Online	Postmortem filename of POS PNO cycle	PNO.A1	PMA
PM_CYCLE_PNO_NEG	Text / hyperlink	Online	Postmortem filename of NEG PNO cycle	PNO.A1	PMA
PM_CROWBAR_PNO_POS	Text / hyperlink	Online	Postmortem filename of POS current PNO crowbar activation	PNO.D1	PMA
PCFLT_PWR_FAIL_PNO_POS	Text	Online	Converter faults after POS current PNO crowbar activation.	PNO.D1	Sequencer
PM_CROWBAR_PNO_NEG	Text / hyperlink	Online	Postmortem filename of NEG current PNO crowbar activation	PNO.D1	PMA
PCFLT_PWR_FAIL_PNO_NEG	Text	Online	Converter faults after NEG current PNO crowbar activation.	PNO.D1	Sequencer
U_LEAD_POS_OFS_PNO_POS	V	Offline	Voltage offset of POS current lead measured during PNO POS	PNO.A1	PMA



U_LEAD_NEG_OFS_PNO_POS	V	Offline	Voltage offset of NEG current lead measured during PNO POS	PNO.A1	PMA
U_LEAD_POS_OFS_PNO_NEG	V	Offline	Voltage offset of POS current lead measured during PNO NEG	PNO.A1	PMA
U_LEAD_NEG_OFS_PNO_NEG	V	Offline	Voltage offset of NEG current lead measured during PNO NEG	PNO.A1	PMA
U_LEAD_POS_PNO_POS	V	Offline	Max voltage of POS current lead during POS cycle measured during offline analysis	PNO.A1	PMA
U_LEAD_NEG_PNO_POS	V	Offline	Max voltage of NEG current lead during POS cycle measured during offline analysis	PNO.A1	PMA
U_LEAD_POS_PNO_NEG	V	Offline	Max voltage of POS current lead during NEG cycle measured during offline analysis	PNO.A1	PMA
U_LEAD_NEG_PNO_NEG	V	Offline	Max voltage of NEG current lead during NEG cycle measured during offline analysis	PNO.A1	PMA
R_LEAD_POS_PNO_POS	Ohm	Offline	Max POS lead resistance calculated during PNO POS offline analysis	PNO.A1	PMA
R_LEAD_NEG_PNO_POS	Ohm	Offline	Max NEG lead resistance calculated during PNO POS offline analysis	PNO.A1	PMA
R_LEAD_POS_PNO_NEG	Ohm	Offline	Max POS lead resistance calculated during PNO NEG offline analysis	PNO.A1	PMA
R_LEAD_NEG_PNO_NEG	Ohm	Offline	Max NEG lead resistance calculated during PNO NEG offline analysis	PNO.A1	PMA
L_CIRCUIT_PNO_POS	H	Offline	Load inductance calculated during PNO POS offline analysis	PNO.A1	PMA
L_CIRCUIT_PNO_NEG	H	Offline	Load inductance calculated during PNO NEG offline analysis	PNO.A1	PMA
DRDT_POS_PNO_POS	Ohm/s	Offline	Rate of change of POS lead resistance with time at PNO POS current	PNO.A1	PMA
DRDT_NEG_PNO_POS	Ohm/s	Offline	Rate of change of NEG lead resistance with time at PNO POS current	PNO.A1	PMA
DRDT_POS_PNO_NEG	Ohm/s	Offline	Rate of change of POS lead resistance with time at PNO NEG current	PNO.A1	PMA
DRDT_NEG_PNO_NEG	Ohm/s	Offline	Rate of change of NEG lead resistance with time at PNO NEG current	PNO.A1	PMA



R_MAGNET_PNO_POS	Ohm	Offline	Magnet resistance calculated during PNO POS offline analysis.	PNO.A1	PMA
R_MAGNET_PNO_NEG	Ohm	Offline	Magnet resistance calculated during PNO NEG offline analysis.	PNO.A1	PMA
U_PC_OFS_PNO_POS	V	Offline	Average PC offset voltage when at zero current calculated during PNO POS offline analysis	PNO.A1	PMA
U_PC_OFS_PNO_NEG	V	Offline	Average PC offset voltage when at zero current calculated during PNO NEG offline analysis	PNO.A1	PMA
I_COMMISSIONED	A	Offline	Equals I_PNO after successful commissioning of the test sequence	HCA PCR Circuit Release d	MP3